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A full-process intelligent trial system for smart court

Key words: Intelligent trial system; Smart court; Evidence analysis; Dialogue summarization; Focus of controversy; Automatic questioning; Judgment prediction

Corresponding author: Fei WU

E-mail: wufei@zju.edu.cn

 ORCID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2139-8807>

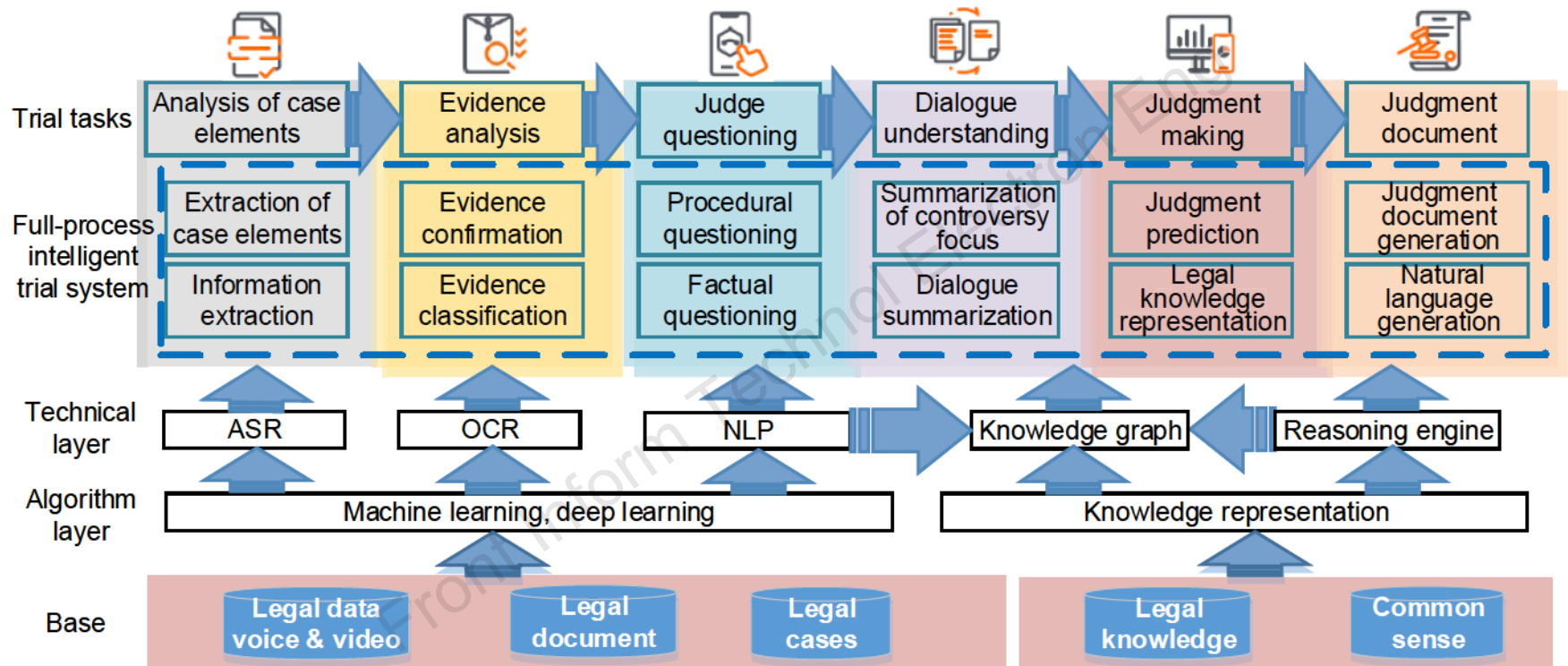
Motivation

1. During the pandemic of COVID-19, online trials based on the intelligent trial system have become ubiquitous. The smart court relies on Internet courts to turn offline litigation activities into online activities. However, how to implement a full-service online processing and build a comprehensive, multi-functional, and intensive online litigation platform for smart court is still a challenge.
2. In constructing a smart court, it is of paramount importance to bridge artificial intelligence and online trial for providing intelligent assistance to achieve more efficient, fair, and explainable trial proceedings for smart court.

Main idea

1. In constructing a smart court, to provide intelligent assistance for achieving more efficient, fair, and explainable trial proceedings, we propose a full-process intelligent trial system (FITS).
2. In the proposed FITS, we introduce essential tasks for constructing a smart court, including information extraction, evidence classification, question generation, dialogue summarization, judgment prediction, and judgment document generation.
3. FITS has played an essential role in financial lending and private lending cases, which moves the trial procedures of the court to the network platform, supports judicial trials in a highly informative manner, and assists judges in making judicial decisions.

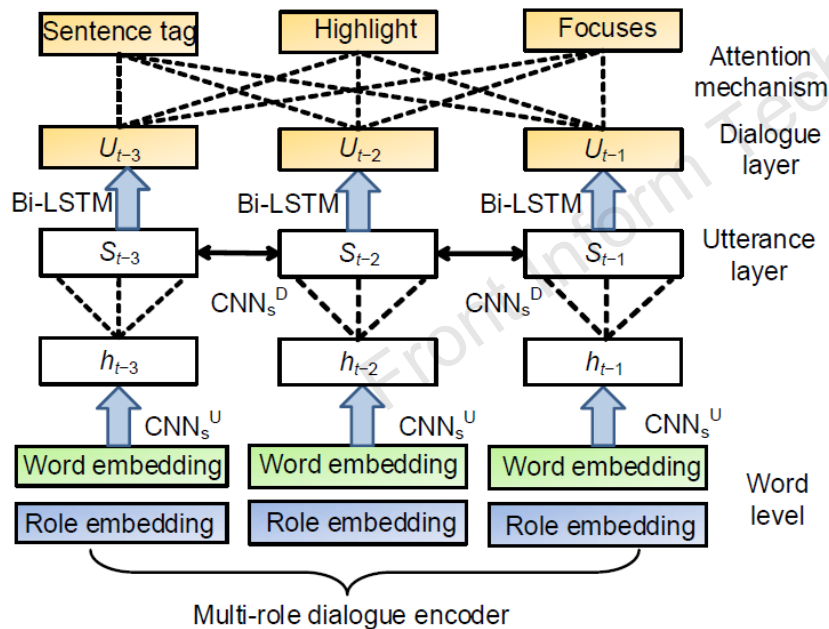
Framework



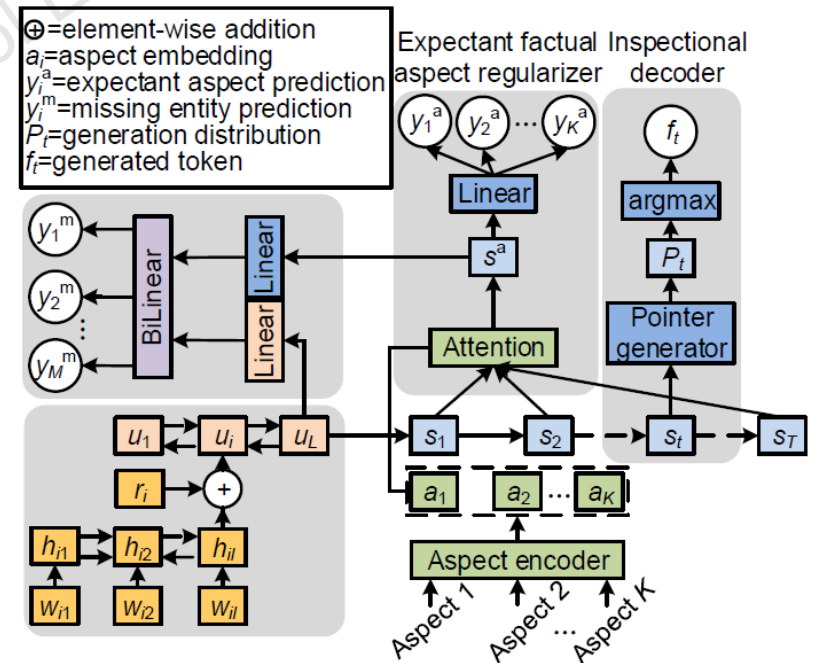
Overview of the full-process intelligent trial system (FITS) (ASR: automatic speech recognition; OCR: optical character recognition; NLP: natural language processing)

Method

1. Trial summarization consists of two tasks. The first task is to summarize the court debate transcript during the trial stage. The other task is to summarize the controversial focuses of the dialogue in the trial.



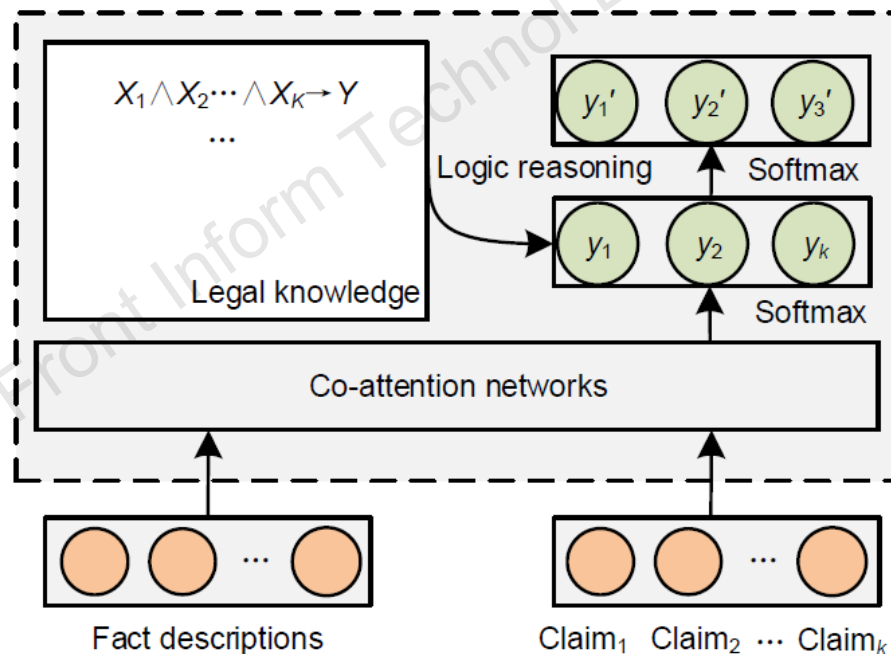
The process of trial summarization



The process of dialogue summarization

Method

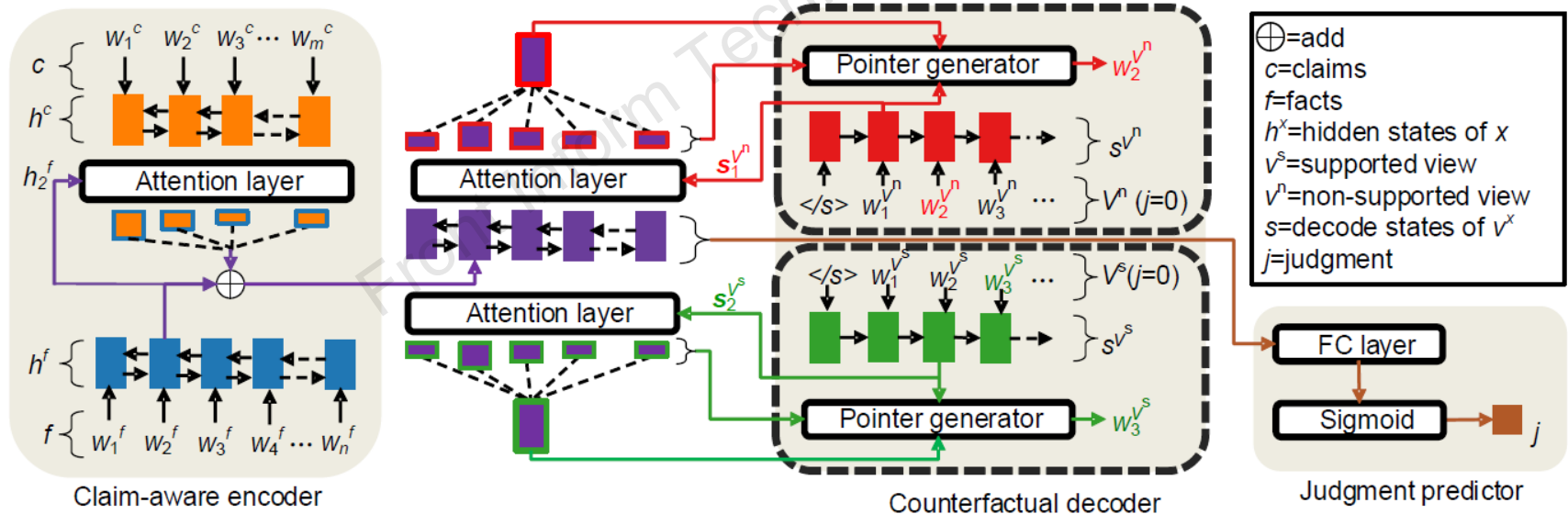
2. To improve the interpretability of judgement prediction, we propose to combine deep neural networks (DNNs) with a symbolic legal knowledge module, in which legal knowledge is expressed as a set of first-order logic (FOL) rules.



Injecting legal knowledge into DNNs for judgement prediction

Method

3. To address the data imbalance in court's view generation task, we propose the attentional and counterfactual natural language generation (AC-NLG) method by jointly optimizing a claim-aware encoder, a pair of counterfactual decoders to generate judgment-discriminative court views (both supportive and non-supportive), and a synergistic judgment predictive model.



Architecture of the attentional and counterfactual natural language generation (AC-NLG) method

Major results

Table 1 Final results of all methods on the civil loan test dataset (Wu et al., 2020)

Method	Reject			Partially support			Support			Average			
	<i>P</i>	<i>R</i>	F1	<i>P</i>	<i>R</i>	F1	<i>P</i>	<i>R</i>	F1	Mac.P	Mac.R	Mac.F1	Mic.F1
TF-IDF+SVM	0.751	0.494	0.596	0.581	0.454	0.510	0.848	0.922	0.884	0.805	0.663	0.624	0.727
TextCNN	0.756	0.434	0.551	0.665	0.417	0.513	0.830	0.945	0.884	0.750	0.599	0.649	0.807
BiLSTM+ATT	0.722	0.528	0.609	0.645	0.512	0.571	0.858	0.926	0.890	0.741	0.655	0.690	0.818
HARNN	0.758	0.521	0.617	0.633	0.505	0.562	0.855	0.923	0.889	0.749	0.650	0.689	0.816
BERT	0.723	0.608	0.667	0.645	0.579	0.610	0.876	0.913	0.894	0.748	0.700	0.722	0.827
CoATT	0.705	0.728	0.716	0.727	0.690	0.708	0.914	0.923	0.918	0.782	0.780	0.781	0.864
CoATT+LK	0.750	0.695	0.721	0.718	0.753	0.735	0.926	0.921	0.923	0.798	0.789	0.793	0.872

The best results are in bold

Conclusions

1. In constructing a smart court, this paper presents a full-process intelligent trial system (FITS) to provide intelligent assistance for achieving more efficient, fair, and explainable trial proceedings. FITS explores in-depth applications of big data, modern logic, and artificial intelligence in the full trial process.
2. In FITS, we introduce essential tasks for constructing a smart court, including information extraction, evidence classification, question generation, dialogue summarization, judgment prediction, and judgment document generation.



Bin WEI received the PhD degree in logic from Sun Yat-sen University, China in 2013. From 2011 to 2012, he was a visiting scholar with Prof. Henry Prakken's Group at University of Groningen, the Netherlands. He conducted a postdoctoral research in jurisprudence in Southwest University of Political Science and Law, China. Currently he is a professor of Hundred Talents Program in Guanghua School of Law, Zhejiang University, China. His main research interests include artificial intelligence (AI) & law, legal logic, and jurisprudence.



Kun KUANG received the PhD degree in Department of Computer Science and Technology, Tsinghua University, China in 2019. He was a visiting scholar with Prof. Susan Athey's Group at Stanford University, USA and is currently an associate professor with the College of Computer Science and Technology, Zhejiang University, China. He has published over 40 papers in major international journals and conferences, including SIGKDD, ICML, ACM MM, AAAI, IJCAI, TKDE, TKDD, *Engineering*, and ICDM. His main research interests include causal inference, AI, and causally regularized machine learning.



Changlong SUN is a senior natural language processing (NLP) algorithm scientist from Alibaba DAMO Academy. He has published more than 20 top conference papers and has been granted several patents. Currently, he is responsible mainly for NLP application algorithms and empowers industries and scenarios using advanced NLP technologies. His research interests are text classification, information extraction, text generation, judicial representation, and contract representation.



Jun FENG received the PhD degree at Department of Computer Science and Technology, Tsinghua University, China, advised by Profs. Xiayan ZHU and Minlie HUANG. She is currently a researcher at State Grid Zhejiang Electric Power Co., Ltd. She has published several papers in mainstream conferences and journals including AAI, WWW, TKDE, WSDM, and COLING. Her research interests include knowledge graph, reinforcement learning, and natural language processing.



Yating ZHANG is an NLP algorithm scientist from Alibaba DAMO Academy. She received the PhD degree from Kyoto University, Japan. Her research interests lie at the intersection of machine learning and information retrieval/natural language processing, in particular on areas related to legal information retrieval, legal knowledge construction, and legal document summarization. The research results have been published in international journals/conferences, such as TKDE, TOIS, SIGIR, ACL, WWW, and EMNLP. She serves as the leader of the Legal Intelligence Commercialization project, which has been adopted in several courts and a number of legal companies. She also serves as the co-PI of two Chinese national AI projects.



Xinli ZHU received the BS degree in law from Hangzhou University, China and the MS and PhD degrees from Zhejiang University, China. He is currently a vice president of Zhejiang Higher People's Court. Before serving in Zhejiang Higher People's Court since 2017, he was a full professor in Guanghua School of Law, Zhejiang University. His current research interests include Chinese administrative law, AI, and court management.



Jianghong ZHOU received the BS and MS degrees in law from Lanzhou University, China and the PhD degree in Kobe University, Japan. He is currently a full professor at Guanghua School of Law, Zhejiang University, China and dean of the Academy of Humanities and Social Sciences, Zhejiang University. His current research interests are Chinese contract law, Japanese civil law, and AI and civil law.



Yinsheng ZHAI received the BL degree from East China University of Political Science and Law, China and the ML degree from Tsinghua University, China. He is currently president of Fenghua District Court, Ningbo City, Zhejiang Province, China. He has been involved in the design and construction of Zhejiang Digital Court. His current research interests include digital law, civil law, and judicial reform.



Fei WU received the BS degree from Lanzhou University, China, the MS degree from Macao University, China, and the PhD degree from Zhejiang University, China. He was a visiting scholar with Prof. Bin Yu's Group at University of California Berkeley, USA from 2009 to 2010, and is currently a full professor with the College of Computer Science and Technology, Zhejiang University. His current research interests include multimedia retrieval, sparse representation, and machine learning.

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