

Supporting information for

Experimental study on current distribution in parallel-connected solid oxide fuel cell strings

Jia Lu^a, Qiang Hu^b, Jian Wu^{a,b}

^a*College of Mathematics and Computer Science, Zhejiang A&F University, 666 Wusu Street, Linan District, Hangzhou 311300, China*

^b*Zhejiang Zhentai Energy Technology Co., Ltd, Lishui 321400, China*

*Corresponding authors (Qiang Hu)

E-mail: qihu@z-etech.cn

Table S1 Recent publications related to the SOFC stacks^a

Ref.	Connection	Method	Research objective
[1]	Parallel (like)	Modelling	Optimizing interconnector design to balance electrical and mechanical performance of SOFC stack
[2]	Series	Experiment	Studying the power degradation rates under different discharge mode, i. e., constant-current or constant-voltage
[3]	Series (like)	Modelling	Investing gas flows and temperature uniformities within a new SOFC stack
[4]	Series (like)	Modelling	Finding key operating parameters to improve the nonuniformities in thermal and electrochemical distribution within the SOFC stack
[5]	Series	Experiment	Studying the effect of propane as fuel and a new current collecting window on microtubular SOFC stack
[6]	Series (like)	Modelling	Studying the thermo-mechanical behavior of a SOFC stack running on methane fuel
[7]	Parallel (like)	Modelling	Investigating the effect of non-uniform distribution of air inlet flow rate on total power generation and thermal stress distribution of a SOFC stack
[8]	Series	Modelling & Experiment	Developing a multiscale 3D model of an SOFC stack to investigate degradation phenomena
[9]	Series (like)	Modelling	Studying temperature, species concentration, internal current density and voltage distribution in a kW-class SOFC stack
[10]	Series	Experiment	Investigating the performance of a reversible solid oxide cell stack as a whole for a practical 150 kW power plant
[11]	Series (like)	Modelling	Studying local mechanical stresses in solid oxide cell stacks
[12]	Parallel (like)	Modelling	Designing a new interconnect design for thermal balance of a planar SOFC stack
[13]	Series	Experiment	Fabricating a direct carbon solid oxide fuel cell stack on a single electrolyte plate by tape casting technique
[14]	Series (like)	Modelling & Experiment	Comparing voltage and temperature distributions from a 3D CFD model and an 18-cell SOFC stack in a test furnace
[15]	Series (like)	Modelling	Studying the effect of distribution of flow rates to each cell in a 100-cell stack on the temperature distribution and overall electrochemical performance in large stacks
[16]	Series & parallel & series-parallel mixed	Experiment	Evaluating the power output in different connections and the performance of stack when any fuel cell fails
[17]	Parallel		Designing a new stack concept for parallel-connected cells
[18]	Series	Experiment	Investigating a 200 W-class stack for cyclic mode-

			changing and long-term operation
[19]	Series-parallel mixed	Experiment	Optimizing current-collection method for a 6 kW class interconnector-type anode-supported tubular solid oxide fuel cell stack
[20]	Series & parallel	Modelling	Comparing the serial and parallel connection under the aspects of failure probability, power drop and stress on the single cells
[21]	Series	Experiment	Developing a 2.5 kW class SOFC stack and estimating the temperature distribution in the stack
[22]	Series & Parallel	Experiment	Investigating the transient performance of six-cell stacks with the micro-tubular cells arranged both in series and parallel
[23]	Series-parallel mixed	Experiment	Optimizing the current collecting method, the induction brazing process and uniformly gas supply
[24]	Series	Experiment	Developing a 1 kW class stack composed of 50 anode-supported planar 120-mm-diameter SOFCs
[25]	Series	Modeling	Presenting a model for stack degradation when one of the cells exhibits a negative voltage

Note: ^aThe not-well-defined connection method for some modelling publications was defined in table by boundary conditions that mentioned in papers. That is, when the cell current is fixed, it was specified as series (like). In contrast, when the cell voltage is fixed, it was specified as parallel (like).

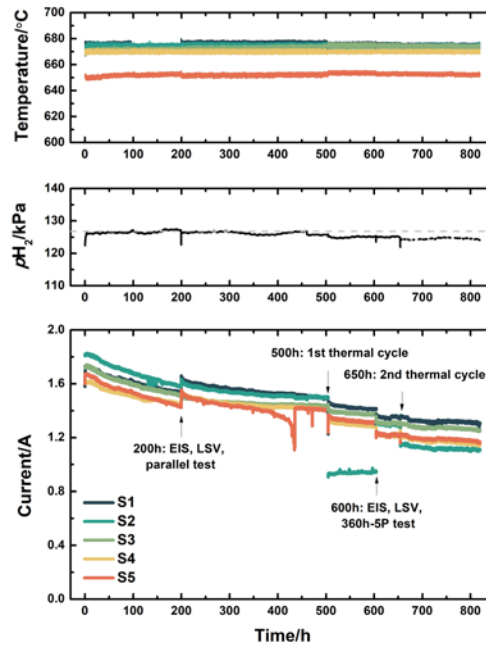


Fig. S1. The evolution of five cell strings at constant 0.7 V over time.

References

- [1] M. Guo, D. Zhao, Q. Xu, Z. Li, H. Xu, M. Ni. New interconnector design optimization to balance electrical and mechanical performance of solid oxide fuel cell stack. *Int. J. Hydrogen Energ.*, 2023, 48: 3107–3121
- [2] B. Han, Y. Tang, J. Wang, W. Guan, S. C. Singhal. Degradation behavior under alternating constant-current/constant-voltage discharge for flat-tube solid oxide fuel cells inside stack. *Int. J. Hydrogen Energ.*, 2023, 48: 17654–17663
- [3] H. Zhang, Y. Zhu, Z. Chen, L. Lu, A. Levtsev, D. Chen. Investigate the multi-physics performance of a new fuel cell stack by a 3D large-scale model basing on realistic structures. *Int. J. Hydrogen Energ.*, 2023, 48: 7085–7095
- [4] D. Yoon, J. Kim, D. H. Kim, J. Hong. Elucidating the sensitivity to key operating parameters of a commercial-scale solid oxide fuel cell stack with open cathode manifolds. *Energ. Convers. Mange*, 2023, 283: 116934

- [5] B. Liang, Y. Yao, J. Guo, H. Yang, J. Liang, Z. Zhao, G. Wu, Y. Zhan, X. Zhao, T. Tao, Y. Yao, S. Lu, R. Zhao. Propane-fuelled microtubular solid oxide fuel cell stack electrically connected by an anodic rectangular window. *Appl. Energ.*, 2022, 309: 118404
- [6] M. Guo, X. Ru, L. Yang, M. Ni, Z. Lin. Effects of methane steam reforming on the mechanical stability of solid oxide fuel cell stack. *Appl. Energ.*, 2022, 322: 119464
- [7] P. Yuan, S.-F. Liu. Effect of air flow rate distribution and flowing direction on the thermal stress of a solid oxide fuel cell stack with cross-flow configuration. *Int. J. Hydrogen Energ.*, 2022, 47: 6799–6810
- [8] O. B. Rizvandi, X.-Y. Miao, H. L. Frandsen. Multiscale modeling of degradation of full solid oxide fuel cell stacks. *Int. J. Hydrogen Energ.*, 2021, 46: 27709–27730.
- [9] M. Guo, G. Xiao, J. Wang, Z. Lin. Parametric study of kW-class solid oxide fuel cell stacks fueled by hydrogen and methane with fully multiphysical coupling model. *Int. J. Hydrogen Energ.*, 2021, 46: 9488–9502
- [10] B. Königshofer, P. Bošković, G. Nusev, M. Koroschetz, M. Hochfellner, M. Schwaiger, Đ. Juričić, C. Hochenauer, Vanja Subotić Performance assessment and evaluation of SOC stacks designed for application in a reversible operated 150 kW rSOC power plant, *Appl. Energ.*, 2021, 283: 116372
- [11] X.-Y. Miao, O. B. Rizvandi, M. Navasa, H. L. Frandsen. Modelling of local mechanical failures in solid oxide cell stacks, *Appl. Energ.*, 2021, 293: 116901
- [12] J. Kim, D. H. Kim, W. Lee, S. Lee, J. Hong. A novel interconnect design for thermal management of a commercial-scale planar solid oxide fuel cell stack. *Energ.*

Convers. Mange, 2021, 246: 114682

[13] W. Wang, Z. Liu, Y. Zhang, P. Liu, Q. Qiu, M. Zhou, M. Liu, J. Liu. A direct carbon solid oxide fuel cell stack on a single electrolyte plate fabricated by tape casting technique, *J. Alloy. Compd.*, 2019, 794: 294–302

[14] R. T. Nishida, S. B. Beale, J. G. Pharoah, L. G. J. de Haart, L. Blum. Three-dimensional computational fluid dynamics modelling and experimental validation of the Jülich Mark-F solid oxide fuel cell stack, *J. Power Sources*, 2018, 373: 203–210

[15] R. T. Nishida, S. B. Beale, J. G. Pharoah. Comprehensive computational fluid dynamics model of solid oxide fuel cell stacks, *Int. J. Hydrogen Energ.*, 2016, 41: 20592–20605

[16] N. K. Sandhu, A. R. Hanifi, A. Woldnik, T. Amiri, T. H. Etsell, J. Luo, P. Sarkar. Electrochemical performance of a short tubular solid oxide fuel cell stack at intermediate temperatures, *Appl. Energ.*, 2016, 183: 358–368

[17] A. Lindermeir, C. Immisch, C. Szepanski, J. Hamje, A. Bentaleb, L. Dorrer. New SOFC-stack design with parallel connected cells – basic concept and joining aspects, *Fuel Cells*, 2015, 15: 703–710

[18] J. Hong, H.-J. Kim, S.-Y. Park, J.-H. Lee, S.-B. Park, J.-H. Lee, B.-K. Kim, H.-J. Je, J. Y. Kim, K. J. Yoon. Electrochemical performance and long-term durability of a 200 W-class solid oxide regenerative fuel cell stack. *Int. J. Hydrogen Energ.*, 2014, 39: 20819–20828

[19] K. Park, D. H. Yoon, S. Lee, T. h. Kwon, G. Bae, S. Hyun, Y. Kwon, J. Won, J. Suh, J. Kim, S. Lee, J. Bae. Fabrication and operation of a 6 kW_e class interconnector-

type anode-supported tubular solid oxide fuel cell stack, *Int. J. Hydrogen Energ.*, 2014, 39: 12884–12893

[20] H. Stagge, L. Doerrer, R. Bengler, B. Hans-Peter. Increase in availability of solid oxide fuel cells by means of parallel connection of cells, *J. Fuel Cell Sci. Tech.*, 2012, 9: 031002

[21] M. Yokoo, K. Mizuki, K. Watanabe, K. Hayashi. Development of a high power density 2.5 kW class solid oxide fuel cell stack, *J. Power Sources*, 2011, 196: 7937–7944

[22] K. S. Howe, K. Kendall. Transient performance of micro-tubular solid oxide fuel cells and stacks, *ECS Trans.*, 2011, 35: 419–423

[23] S.-B. Lee, J.-W. Lee, T.-H. Lim, S.-J. Park, R.-H. Song, D.-R. Shin. Development of anode-supported flat-tube solid oxide fuel cell (SOFC) stack with high power density. *ECS Trans.*, 2011, 35: 327–332

[24] M. Yokoo, Y. Tabata, Y. Yoshida, H. Orui, K. Hayashi, Y. Nozaki, K. Nozawa, H. Arai. Development of 1 kW class solid oxide fuel cell stack using anode-supported planar cells, *J. Power Sources*, 2008, 184: 84–89

[25] A.V. Virkar. A model for solid oxide fuel cell (SOFC) stack degradation. *J. Power Sources*, 2007, 172: 713–724