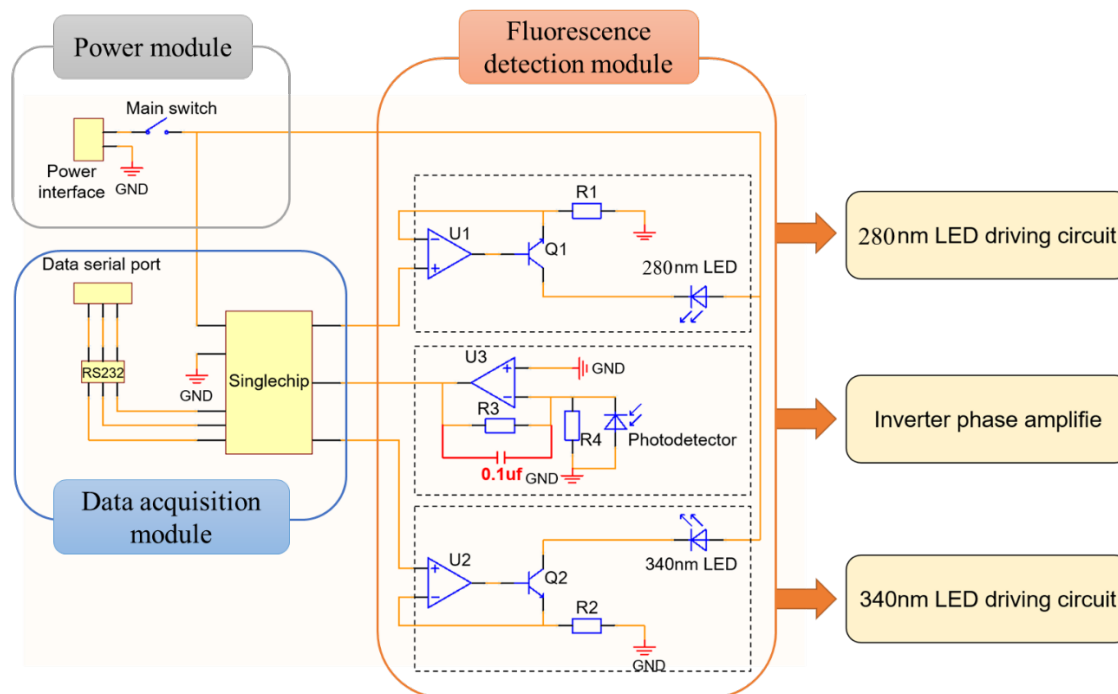
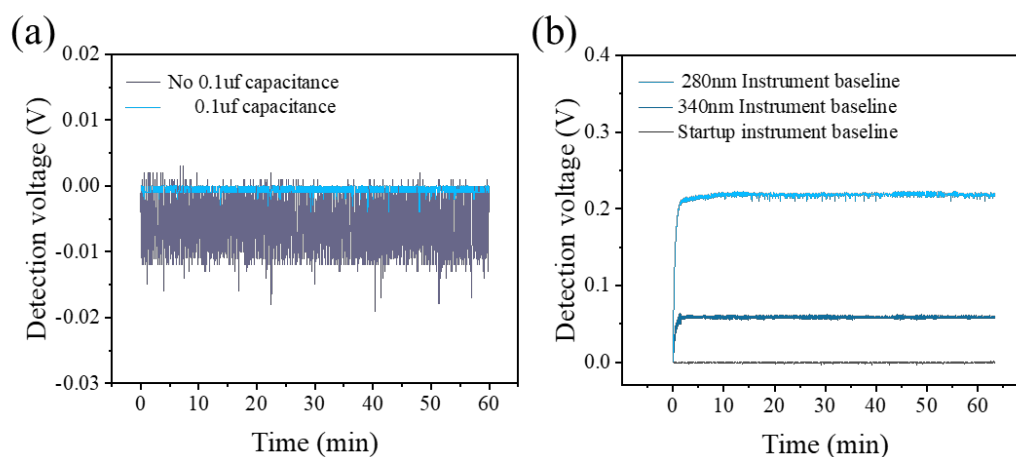


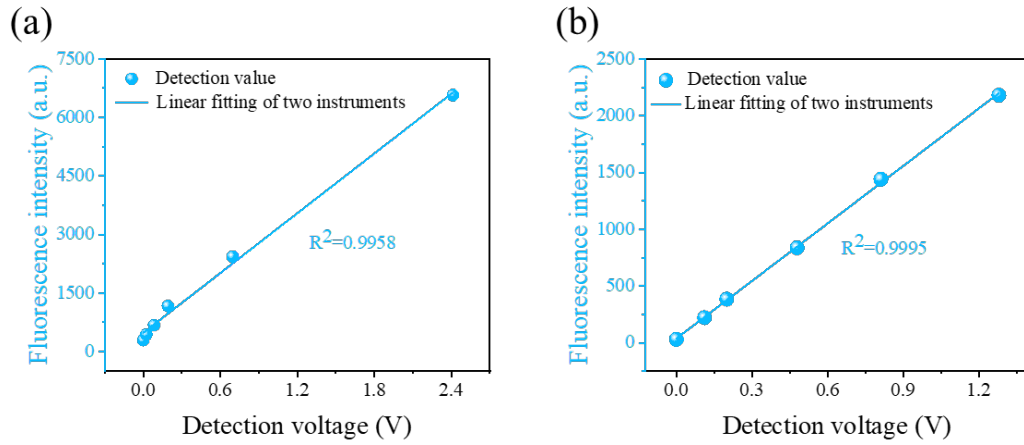
## Supplementary Material



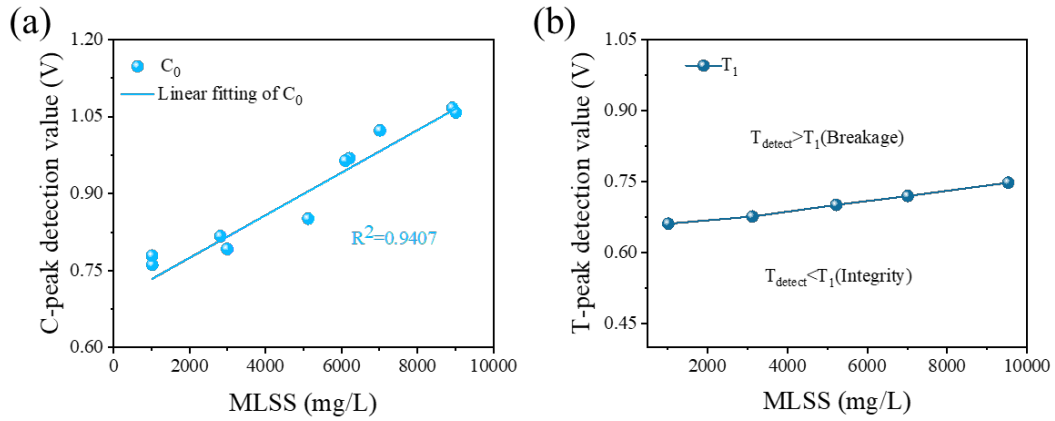
**Fig. S1** The portable LED fluorescence instrument design.



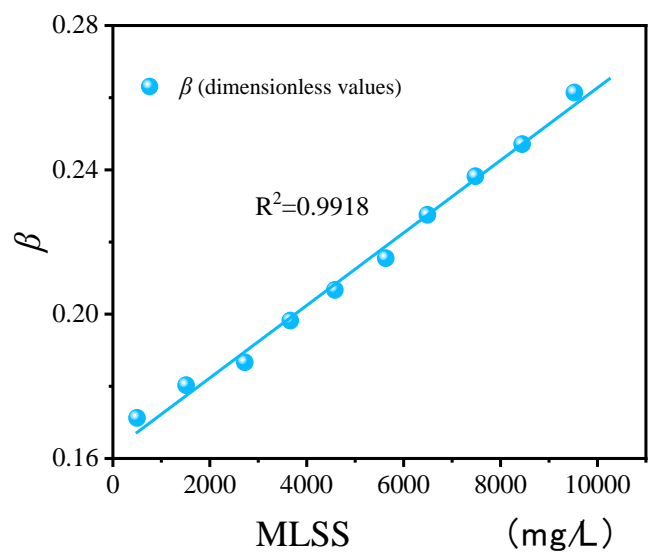
**Fig. S2** Instrument stability test: (a) Baseline stability test with capacitance and without capacitance; (b) Instrument output stability test.



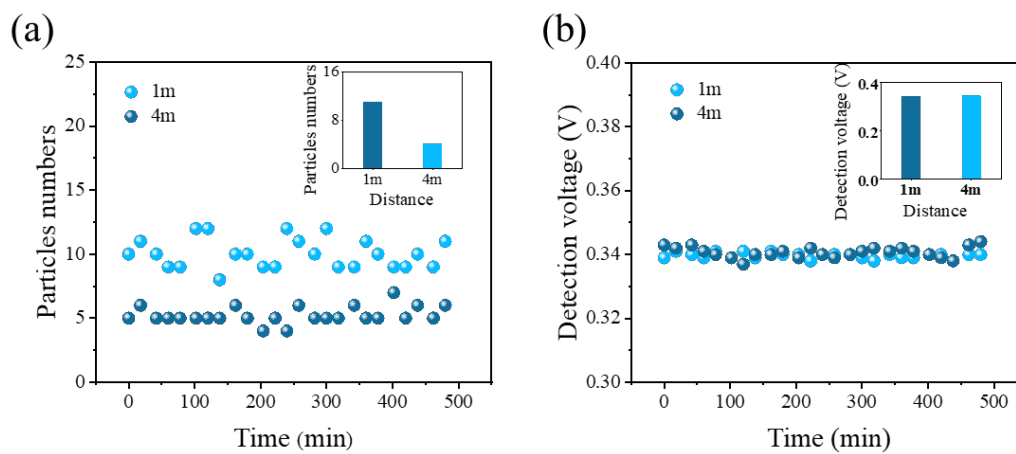
**Fig. S3** Fluorescence spectrophotometer and portable instrument contrast test: (a) T-peak test results with two instruments; (b) C-peak test results with two instruments.



**Fig. S4** Portable instrument detection results: (a) C-peak detection results of supernatants with different MLSS; (b) T-peak detection results of BM-Permeate with different MLSS.

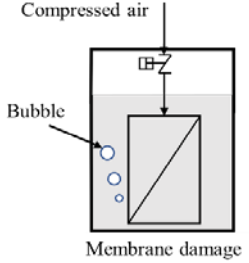
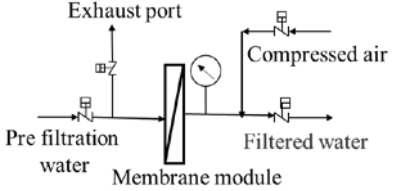
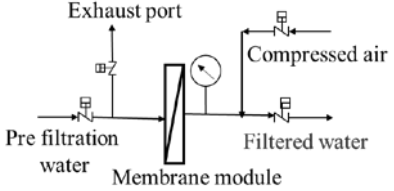
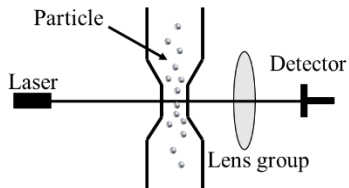


**Fig. S5** Relationship between  $\beta$  and MLSS.



**Fig. S6** Membrane integrity detection at different distances between peristaltic pump and instruments: (a) particle counter; (b) portable instrument.

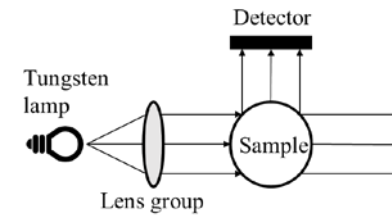
**Table S1** Membrane integrity detection methods.

Integrity tests	Advantages	Disadvantages	Schematic diagram	Sensitivity (LRV)
Bubble point test	High sensitivity, The membrane breakage location can be located	Off-line test, Low automation degree		6.0
Pressure decay test	High sensitivity, Simultaneous detection multiple sets of membranes	Off-line test, Discontinuous		4.5–5.0
Diffusive air flow	High automation degree, Do not rely on the raw water, High sensitivity, No destructive	Off-line operation, Sensitive to temperature		6.5–7.0
Particle counting	Online operation	Low sensitivity, High cost, Susceptible to bubbles		3.5

Turbidity monitoring

Online operation,  
Low cost

Low sensitivity,  
Affected by feed water  
quality

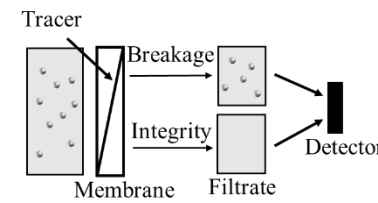


<0.3

Surrogate challenge  
tests

Online operation,  
High sensitivity

Safety problem

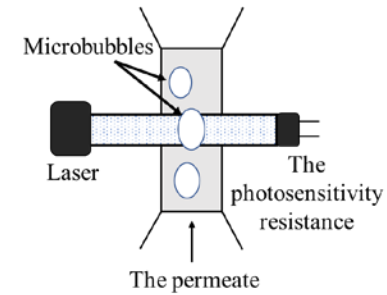


5.0–6.0

Micro-bubbles test

Continuous online detection,  
Easy operation

Restricted by aeration



3.0–4.0

**Table S2** The MBR operation parameters.

MBR number	Sludge concentration (mg/L)
MBR-1	1021±412
MBR-2	3122±187
MBR-3	5221±322
MBR-4	7012±282
MBR-5	9128±382

**Table S3** The synthetic municipal wastewater treatment efficiency.

Index	Sewage	Effluent	Removal rate (%)
COD	552.8±35.0 mg/L	21.0±9.0 mg/L	96.1±1.8
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup> -N	35.6±0.6 mg/L	1.9±0.1 mg/L	92.1±0.5
TP	3.82±0.4 mg/L	1.2±0.1 mg/L	68.5±0.6
TDS	503.0±8.0	349.0±5.0	30.6±0.5
pH	7.1±0.2	7.2±0.2	—