

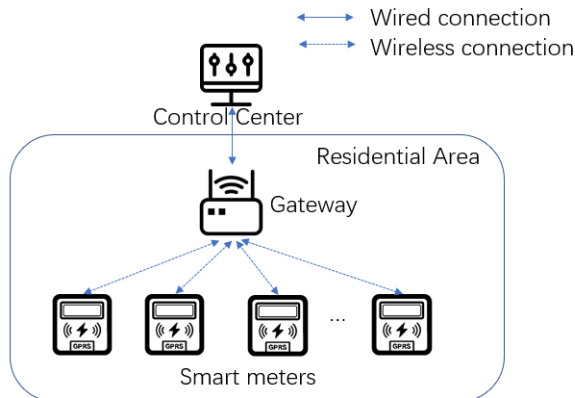
MSDA: Multi-subset Data Aggregation Scheme without Trusted Third Party

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Problems & Ideas

- Problems of privacy-preserving data aggregation protocol in the smart grid
 - only obtain the sum or average in an area while more fine-grained data brings more value for data consumers
 - depend on a trusted third party to initialize system parameters which is hard to resist denial of service attacks
- Ideas: Multi-subset Data Aggregation Scheme without Trusted Third Party
 - users negotiate some secret keys for encryption using HMQV protocol
 - two super-increasing sequences are used for multi-subset aggregation
 - multi-subset aggregated data can be computed by Algorithm 1



- **System model**

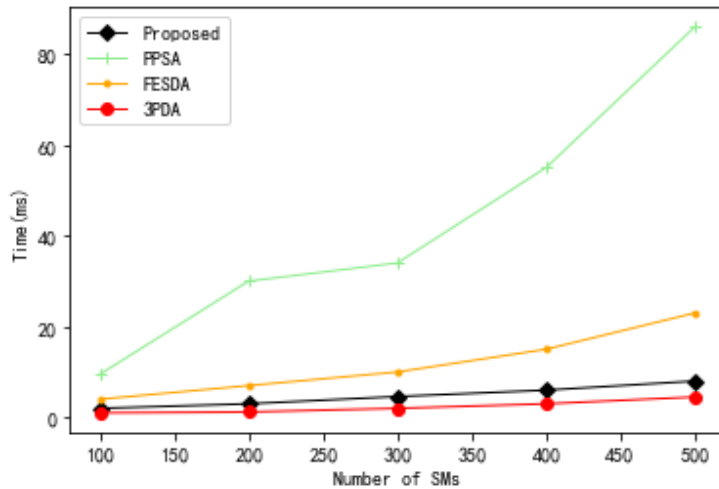
Algorithm 1: Deconstruction D at Control Center (CC)

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1: procedure  
2: Input:  $D, \{b_1, b_2, \dots, b_k\}, \{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_k\}, \{R_1, R_2, \dots, R_k\}$   
3: Output:  $\{|U_1|, |U_2|, \dots, |U_k|\}, \{M_1, M_2, \dots, M_k\}$   
4: for ( $i = k; i > 0; i --$ ) do  
5:    $|U_i| = (D - D \bmod b_i) / b_i$   
6:    $D = D - (b_i \cdot |U_i|)$   
7: end for  
8: for ( $i = k; i > 0; i --$ ) do  
9:    $M_i = (D - D \bmod a_i) / a_i$   
10:   $D = D - (a_i \cdot M_i)$   
11:   $M_i = M + R_i \cdot |U_i|$   
12: end for  
13: end procedure
```

- **Algorithm 1**

Main Contributions

- **Aggregation cost at GW**



- **Decryption cost at CC**

